

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 15

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, Nov. 6, 1930

No. 29



WINTER APPLES

Have Arrived. Priced from \$1.65 to \$2.50
Come early and get the varieties you want. These
prices are away below last year.

Our Specials This Week Include

Try BAKEASY in place of Lard and save 5¢ per lb.

2 1/4 Rex Cheese, @	49c
5 lb. Empress Coffee	\$2.40
3 lbs Pineapple	38c
5 Tins Corn and Peas	73c
4 lbs Prunes	35c

See us about your WINTERS GROCERIES. We can
fill any order at prices quoted in catalogues
and guarantee our goods

FOR QUALITY, ECONOMY AND SERVICE CALL ON

Red & White Store

Owned and Operated by

Acadia Produce Co.

C. W. RIDOUT

GEO. E. AUTKEN

USED CARS

We Have Reduced Prices Of All Used Cars
To Conform With Wheat Prices

USED CARS FROM

\$25.00 UP

Do Not Pass Up This Opportunity

COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10, Chinook

Start The Day Right

With a few slices of our fine
cured bacon Continue the
good work by having one of
our choice roasts for dinner.
You will find an extra enjoyment
in your meals if our
meats form part of them. And
the best part of it is that the
extra enjoyment involves no
extra cost. We can supply
you with Fresh Cured Meats
at all times. Our prices are
always right.



FRESH LAMB THIS WEEK END

Special Back Bacon, 30c per pound

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

ANNOUNCEMENT

On Saturday, November 1st, I will take over
the management of the Dining Room at the
Acadia Hotel. Prices for Meals Reasonable.

I Cater to the Farmers' Patronage

Family Sunday Dinners a Specialty

GIVE ME A TRIAL

Mrs. J. Elliott, Prop.

INCREASE YOUR SAVINGS BUY--

Alberta 4%

Demand Savings Certificates

FIVE DOLLARS WILL OPEN AN ACCOUNT

For Further Particulars write or apply to
HON. R. G. REID W. V. NEWSON
Provincial Treasurer Deputy Prov. Treasurer
Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, Alberta

Chinook Again Visited By Burglars

Burglars visited Chinook, some time between Thursday night and Friday morning of last week and two business places were visited. At the Banner Hardware entrance was made through a window at the north east corner of the store and the cash register taken away. There was about \$50.00 in the register at the time, but it was not locked.

On entering his store Friday morning Mr. Lee missed his cash register from its accustomed place. A short time after he was notified by phone that his register was lying by the side of the road near Jas. Young's farm, about three miles south-west of town, badly smashed. A car was sent out to bring the register back to the store, where it was found that the name plate was broken off. This was about the only damage done. The register had contained in the neighborhood of \$50.00 in cash and some receipts, and when found some silver was still in it, and a few quarters and dimes were scattered on the ground nearby. Three new paring knives were also found near the cash box. The safe in the store, which contained quite a sum of money, was not touched.

At the Meat Market, which was also visited, it was found that the burglars had made entrance by way of the back door. Clarence Peterson reports that all the party got there were nine cents in cash and about 50¢ in postage stamps.

The police was immediately notified and are investigating the case. Several people going to the early morning train reported that two men and a woman were seen on the street, apparently loitering around, and it is suspected they were the guilty parties.

Rally Day Service

Sunday was "Children's Day" at the Chinook United Church when they held their annual Rally Day service, a joint service with the church. The S. S. superintendent, Mr. Youell, conducted the service. The following was the programme:

Call to worship.
Hymn
Prayer
Hymn—Sang very nicely by the older girls' only.
Recitation—Lyle Milligan.
Scripture reading.
Prayer—Mr. Woollatt.
Hymn—By the smaller boys only, "Jesus is my neighbor".
Reading 30th Psalm by Florence Connell.
Hymn
Recitation—Mable Gilbertson.
Hymn—By school children only
"Listen to the voice of Jesus".

Most children love to sing and our boys and girls were no exception when they sang so enthusiastically this lovely children's hymn, though it must be admitted the smaller boys and girls did not show the same restraint as the older ones, but just sang for all they were worth.
Offering—Leader.
Hymn

Address—Rev. Mr. Woollatt gave the children a talk on the various kinds of bells and likened a good bell to their own lives.
Closing hymn.

The Women's Institute met on Wednesday at the home of Mrs. P. Peterson. Mesdames Peterson S. and Jr. were joint hostesses. There was a good attendance.

The Ladies' Card Club met this week at the home of Mrs. P. Peterson. Mrs. Jacques won the prize, a pair of bath towels. Next week the club will meet at the home of Mrs. Thompson.

Hospital Scheme Defeated

The voting on the Youngstown Municipal Hospital Scheme last Saturday showed the feeling of the taxpayers most decisively in regard to such a scheme. We have not been able to procure the results in other polls for publication this week, but in Chinook poll every person entitled to vote came out and gave an emphatic "No" to the scheme, not one vote being cast in favor.

All over the intended hospital district the same feeling seemed to prevail, and the scheme was overwhelmingly defeated. The total vote stood approximately 300 for and 450 against.

Peyton Pickings

The following are the averages obtained by the Peyton School pupils in their September and October examinations:

Grade 2—Annie Bellmont 74.

Frances Huggard 64.

Grade 3—Barbara Shier 89.

Bruce Hutchison 81.

Grade 4—Jack Shier 75.

Grade 5—Alice Peterson 79.

Jean Huggard 68.

Grade 6—Ruth Robison 74.

Dorothy Robison 74.

Grade 7—Ernest Peterson 80.

Irene Shier 78, Stanley Huggard 53.

Annie Bellmont is staying with Mr. and Mrs. Warren while her mother is in Calgary receiving medical treatment.

A number of the Peyton people attended the dance at Reginville, and report a good time.

Miss Ida Marcy, teacher at Peyton school, spent last week end at her home.

Heard Around Town

Miss Nora Stout left on Friday morning for her home at Laporte, Sask.

E. G. Evans, principal of Oyen school, was a week end visitor in Chinook.

Mrs. A. Myhre and Miss A. Flater went to Oyen Wednesday to visit their parents.

Miss Mae Todd, school teacher at Oyen, was visiting with her parents in Chinook over the week end.

Miss Lena Seeger, who has been visiting her sister at Athey for the past month, returned on Sunday.

Mrs. Thos. Sandman, who has been visiting at Vancouver for the past three months, returned home last week.

Leonard Youngren made a trip to the Oscar coal mine on Monday, bringing back a large truck load of coal.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Connell went to Edmonton on Sunday, where they intend spending a few days with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Donaldson of Athey, spent Sunday at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Seeger, Kinmundy.

Mrs. Wm. Davis, Colloholme, received a telegram from her home in England on Tuesday, containing the sad news of the death of her father.

The Red Cross dance and supper which was held last Friday evening by the Women's Institute was quite a success. After the expenses were paid about \$45.00 was realized.

The hour of service in the United Church has been changed from being held every alternate Sunday morning and evening to 3:30 p.m. every Sunday. Rev. Mr. Woollatt will preach a special sermon next Sunday afternoon. Come out and hear him. All are welcome.

WEEKLY SPECIALS

FLOUR . . . \$3.25

Empress or Nelson Pure Raspberry Jam	65c
Nabob Coffee, 1 lb. tin	55c
Canned Corn	15c
Aylmer Choice Peas, 7 tins	\$1.00

7 lbs. Cabbage 25c

5 lbs. Onions 25c

We Sell You Brands Of Goods You Know.
"They Are Better"

QUALITY Should Be Considered as Well as Price

"CHINOOK'S LOCAL STORE"

HURLEY'S

EGGS 35c BUTTER 30c

This Week we are offering Real Bargains
in SHOES

Kiddies', Misses', Ladies', Youths', Boys' and Men's

If your feet hurt come in and see me, as I can give you comfort

DR. SCHOLL'S GOODS carried in stock, and a Graduate Practiced always in attendance if he's not off on a goose hunt

S. H. SMITH

OUR STOCK OF

HEATERS and LAMPS

are complete. Come in and let us show them to you

Banner Hardware

The Acadia Hotel

Caters to the Farmers'
Patronage

J. G. CONNELL, Manager CHINOOK

BEFORE ORDERING YOUR

CHRISTMAS CARDS

CALL AND SEE OUR
COMPLETE SAMPLES OF

Personal Greeting Cards

The Chinook Advance

SALADA TEA

NEW
YELLOW LABEL

60^{c.}
A LB.

STANDARD
BROWN LABEL

70^{c.}
A LB.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR ONE
OF THESE BLENDS—THEY ARE
BY FAR THE FINEST YOU
CAN BUY AT THESE PRICES

Britain and a Wheat Preference

Whatever hopes may have been entertained by a considerable section of the Canadian people, our western farmers in particular, that, as a result of the Imperial Economic Conference, the British Government would grant a preference to the wheat of the Dominions through the imposition of a Customs tariff on all foreign-grown wheat, have gone a glimmering with the definite announcement of Premier Ramsay MacDonald that the British Government will not take that action because it cannot be done.

The British Government is extremely anxious to help out the food producers of the Dominions in their desire of promoting and developing Empire trade. It is willing to do everything it can, but it will not place a Customs tariff on the food of its own people because it cannot do so. As an alternative it is giving serious consideration to bulk purchasing of wheat by the Government with a view through such bulk purchasing to giving a preference to Empire-grown wheat.

Undoubtedly there will be regret and disappointment in this country over Britain's decision. It is to be hoped such feelings will not be allowed to develop into anything approaching bitterness or antagonism towards the Old Country. Canadians generally should strive to understand and appreciate the British position. They should realize the facts of the situation.

In Great Britain this is not a political issue in a partisan sense. Liberals, Conservatives and Labour are all of one mind that, whatever preferential policies may be evolved at this time, they cannot include taxation of food supplies. Mr. Baldwin, who is most favorably disposed towards adoption of a policy of tariffs than either Ramsay MacDonald or Lloyd George, nevertheless made it clear that he did not include tariffs on wheat and other food supplies and raw materials in his programme.

Here is the situation. Great Britain is a country small in area but with a large population. It raises only a small fraction of the food its people require. It is a highly industrialized country, yet the variety of its natural raw products for purposes of manufacturing industry is small and strictly limited. It scores the world for food supplies and raw products in order that it may exist. In order to pay for such food supplies and raw materials it must sell its manufactured goods abroad. Taxing its food and raw materials would so increase costs of production that it could not compete with other nations engaged in manufacturing but which likewise possess large food producing areas and needed raw materials, as for example, United States, Canada, Germany.

Now consider Britain's trade position with two countries, Canada and Argentina, by way of illustrating the position of the Old Country. Both countries have large surpluses of wheat for export; both are anxious to sell in the British market. Britain has two main artiles she is anxious to export in large quantities—manufactured goods of all kinds and coal. The Argentine lacks coal, and is prepared to purchase it from Britain in exchange for wheat. Canada, on the other hand, is rich in coal deposits and is adverse to large importations of coal from Britain entering into competition with Canadian miners. The Argentine is not a large manufacturing nation, and is prepared to purchase extensively in Britain, selling her wheat and meat products in exchange. Canada, on the other hand, is a manufacturing as well as an agricultural country. Its production of manufactured goods per head of population is one of the highest in the world. Canada is capable of manufacturing not only all the steel, textiles, boots and shoes, paper, automobiles, and a multitude of other articles required by her own people, but enjoys a large export trade in manufactured goods of all kinds. Canada, therefore, taken as a whole, is not anxious to take manufactured goods from Britain in exchange for wheat, meat, and various articles.

Therefore, notwithstanding a sentimental desire to favor Canada as a sister nation of the Empire, Britain simply cannot afford to impose a tariff against the Argentine and jeopardize her profitable trade, and her huge investments in that country. As Premier Ramsay MacDonald has stated: "We cannot afford to do it."

Nations are like individuals in many respects, but in some more emphatically than in this, that they will buy where they can buy the cheapest and where they can sell their own goods and products in payment for what they do buy. Sentiment may alter this to some extent, but it can never override the law of economics.

The Americans, North and South, are food-exporting countries, with the big item, so, too, is Australia, New Zealand, India, and so has Russia been in the past and will be in the future. China and Japan need food, but cannot produce it by itself. Many of these countries are not able to compete there, but high priced wheat, the wheat export of the countries must, therefore, look to Europe. But Europe, impoverished by war, with unemployment rife, burdened with enormous debt, no longer possesses the purchasing power to buy high priced imported food products. Her people are being forced to ration their food for them to go to the market. These Government are making them do so as a national necessity to prevent the exportation of money abroad which the nations must retain at home.

In the circumstances, what is Britain to do? Further restrict the market for food and raw materials by imposing a tariff against those countries which are prepared to buy from us in exchange for the same food products and raw materials, thus intensifying her own unemployment problem and at the same time increasing the cost of food to her people and of needed raw materials for her industries?

One of the most prominent says "it cannot be done," the British party says "it cannot be done," the British Conservative party, while favoring tariffs to "safeguard" Britain's industries, says in regard to food and raw materials "it cannot be done." It is, we repeat, not a political question in any way in Great Britain; it is an economic question.

And in Canada, whatever our sentiments, desires, interests, or political views and opinions may be, it is just and right that we should at least look at and appreciate the British point of view.

A Secondary Attraction

Boy Quite Sure King's Absence Would Not Disappoint His Parents

When the King was in Yorkshire no occasion he promised to review a boy's brigade. At the last minute, however, His Majesty was forced to cancel the engagement, and a local notability was hastily substituted; but the managers of the affair thought it only right to notify ticket purchasers that Royalty would not be present. Presently a small boy, who was to take part in the parade, came along with a request for two tickets for his parents. He was told of the disappointment in store for them. "Oh," said the lad, "they'll not be disappointed! It's not the King that father and mother are coming to see—it's me!"

Wild Life Valuable

Canada realizes quite a revenue each year from its wild life. According to Dr. H. F. Lewis, of the Department of the Interior, this wild life has a capital valuation of one billion dollars and a yearly business turnover of about \$45,000,000. This valuation includes the fur harvest, game, fish, and their influence on sales of sports goods.

Worms, by the irritation that they cause in the stomach and intestines, deprive the body of nourishment and malnutrition is the result. Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms and correct the morbid conditions in the body, and help to restore the body to a normal condition, so that the full nutriment of the child is assured and development in every way encouraged.

Dependable Canadian Eggs

Where eggs were anything but a dependable article of diet twelve or fifteen years ago, today Canadian eggs of the higher grades are looked upon as quite safe to offer anyone for breakfast and need not be broken before coming to the table. The result of grading is that production and consumption have more than doubled during the past ten years.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is unrivaled for speedy relief from muscular rheumatism, lame back, inflammation, burns and felon.

Western Canadian Crop

The Government estimate of the wheat crop of Western Canada is 362,000,000 bushels, whereas the total crop of all Canada last year was only 304,020,000 bushels.

CHRONIC THROAT ILLS

have been relieved by Minard's time and again. It also relieves strains, wrenched muscles, proud flesh, burns or scalds.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1862

Northern Indians Need Help

Federal Government To Take Steps To Relieve Indians

Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of Interior, is taking immediate steps to relieve distress among Indians who have little money nor food to carry them through the winter. Discussing the conditions of these wards of the state, Mr. Murphy said that the Indians on the southern reserves, where agriculture is the main source of livelihood, are in fair shape for the winter months, and it is not expected that federal assistance will be needed.

On the northern reserves, where trapping is the only occupation, the Indians, in many cases, have had a bad year and are in urgent need of succor. The problem, he intimated, was not a purely unseasonal or extraordinary one. It is a matter of fact that the fur-bearing animals in these areas are rapidly disappearing as a result of operations of white trappers.

The Indians on these northern reserves are unable to catch enough fur within the limits of the reservation to make a living, and they have been accustomed to trap over contiguous territory. These non-reserve areas belong to the provinces. The federal government has no control over them.

The Indian, said Mr. Murphy, is a fur farmer, and does not exterminate wild life. But the white trappers who have gone into these areas, under provincial licenses, have had no regard for the preservation of wild life and have seriously depleted the numbers of fur-bearing animals. For this reason, many of the northern tribes are now in distress.

The Indian affairs branch of the interior department, under instruction from Mr. Murphy, is making a rapid survey of the situation and relief will be given at an early date.

ARE YOU USING UP YOUR NERVOUS ENERGY?

Do you feel tired? Are you troubled with insomnia? Do you feel irritable and a lack of ambition? If so, it is probable you have been using up too much nervous energy — either by not getting full sleep ahead of time or by overworking.

Nerves that have become weakened and shattered through over-work or worry need nourishment—the nourishment gained through rich, red blood. Good blood feeds the nerves and gives them greater vigour and strength.

No other medicine has so successfully relieved nervousness as have Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Their sole duty is to enrich and renew the blood. That is why they are the ideal remedy for insomnia, nervousness, depression or by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

More Cigarettes Used

Report Shows People In United States Consuming More

The people of the United States are smoking more and more cigarettes. Last year they consumed about 1,000 per man, woman and child, but the reports for the first eight months of this year show an excess over those of the same period for last year of 200,000,000. Benjamin D. Hill, chief of the tobacco division of the Department of Commerce, assumes that the increase will continue until the end of the year.

In times of business depression or periods of great stress, it has been the experience of the tobacco industry, that consumption of cigarettes increases.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry makes countless thousands miserable. Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual abdominal pain. Dr. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all the relief comes, and at once, while future attacks are warded off, leaving the afflicted one in a state of peace and happiness. He once believed he could never enjoy suspense and sold almost everywhere.

Facts About Canadian Airways

Regular airplane services in Canada are maintained over nearly 7,000 miles of modern airways, according to a recent survey of conditions in the Dominion. There are 22 flying clubs in Canada, 370 private pilots, 370 commercial pilots, 311 air engineers, 407 aircraft, and 71 airports.

Persian Balm quickly relieves chapping and irritation and all roughness caused by weather conditions. Keeps the complexion clear and lovely. Completely absorbed by gentle rubbing. Never leaves undesirable stickiness. Stimulates the skin to a soft, smooth and dewy finish. Refreshes and enhances natural beauty. Soothes, refreshes and invigorates. Makes hands soft, flawlessly white. Imparts a subtle charm so essential to true elegance.

The small boy who used to balk at the garden in the spring has grown up now to be a tired business man who can't walk more than twenty miles a day over the golf course.

For Dry Skin—Minard's Liniment.

Purity Flour Cakes Keep Fresh

A cake shown at Toronto Exhibition made from this Recipe kept fresh for five days in the heat and air without protection. Make it today—with Purity.



Purity is a strong, rich flour. When it is cold it is hard when—gives you that "bitter flavor" that you like. "Sift the best for bread."

Send 30c for Purity Cook Book.

Western Canada Flour Mills, Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Winnipeg, Calgary.

Look for our Company's name on the Purity Flour sack. It is your guarantee of quality from a responsible milling concern.

PURITY
FLOUR

Give a Thought to OLD AGE



Make sure now that when the time comes to retire you will have an income that will make you independent for life. The Canadian Government Annuities System is a sure, simple and economical way of doing this. Small sums placed now and at 65 you will be in possession of a dependable income for life.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT
ANNUITIES

Department of Labour, Ottawa

Hon. G. D. ROBERTSON, Minister

BACKED BY THE WHOLE DOMINION

A New Type 'Plâne

Latest German Invention Appears To Be Flying Backward

German and foreign press representatives and a crowd of aviation fans flocked to Tempelhof airport and watched a new "backward flying" monoplane apparently chasing its tail through the clouds. Actually, it was not flying backward. It was the latest focke-wulf "ente" which carries its tail where an ordinary monoplane carries its engine while its forward stabilizer protrudes 21 feet in front.

Another form of endurance test is the pursuit of happiness.

Finishing Livestock For Market

Beef Organization In Lethbridge Area Expect a Successful Year

With the satisfactory results of the feeding efforts of the past, coupled with a lower priced cattle and a good supply of feed at reasonable prices, a lot more cattle will be put in prime condition for killing in the Lethbridge area this year than ever before, according to estimates of the Red Label beef organization, which expects to improve upon last year's successes.

Banish pain with Minard's Liniment.

Few states as yet have laws standardizing the weight of bread.

Four Doses Relieved Bad Attack of Cholera

Mr. W. J. Cooper, Mangan, Alta., writes— "A year ago last spring I arrived with my family, and one of my boys, aged six, was suffering very severely with cholera. When we arrived I had a few hours to wait and told one of the men at the station about it, and he said 'If I had got Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry I could never have heard of it in England, so he told me I could get it in Winnipeg. I am pleased to say I had only to give the child four doses and he got well and was quite cheerful by the next morning."



Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON

ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Advancement Made In Canada For Providing Indian Population With High Standard of Education

(By Russell T. Ferrier, Superintendent Of Indian Education).

Great advancement has been made in Canada, particularly of late years, in providing our Indian population with a high standard of educational and vocational training. Through the aid of increased appropriations by Parliament during that time, the Department of Indian Affairs has been enabled to enlarge existing buildings, and construct more modern and fire-proof schools which offer higher salaries and grants have attracted better qualified teachers and instructors.

There are now 78 residential schools and 272 day schools, making a total of 350 centres of Indian educational activity. The total number of pupils is now 15,743, the average attendance being 11,579, constituting an increase during the past ten years of 28 per cent. in enrolment, and 48 per cent. in attendance, ample evidence of the success of the work in preparing Indian children to become independent and self-supporting citizens of the Dominion.

The residential schools are conducted by the Anglican, Roman Catholic, Presbyterian, and United churches, and high tribute must be paid to the zeal and self-sacrifice of those engaged in the work. The Department has had the close co-operation of religious denominations in the education of the Indians, and this well-established policy has demonstrated beyond all question of doubt the effectiveness of the system.

The formal opening of the modern residential school at Brandon, Manitoba, on July 18, 1930, adds another unit to the fine system of Indian educational institutions throughout the Dominion. It will be administered by the United Church of Canada and will have as its principle the Reverend J. A. Doyle, D.D., who succeeds the veteran educationist the Reverend Thompson Ferrier.

This school, which replaces the residential school built on the same site in 1894, is one of the finest of its kind in Canada. Built of tapestry brick with trim of Manitoba limestone, and terrazzo floors, it is fire-proof throughout. Some idea of the accommodation afforded may be gleaned from the fact that it has a fine large assembly hall, four dormitories, four class-rooms, a large study room, recreation rooms for both girls and boys, sewing room, sunroom, hospital ward with nurses' quarters, also a laundry equipped with the most modern hygienic appliances.

Adjacent to the school are a number of first-class farm buildings, one of which the cow-barn, is one of the finest in Manitoba. There are also, four residences for the use of the principal and married members of the staff.

The institution has a landscape setting which places it on a par with some of the finest schools and colleges of the older provinces.

This school draws its pupils from a wide radius, owing to the scattered location of the reserves. Residential schools are required because many of the Indians are engaged in occupations such as lumbering, fishing, freighting, and trapping, which take them away from their homes; and even the farms of those engaged in agriculture are not in solid blocks, as in white settlements, but are strung out along rivers and lakes, thus making it impossible to provide day-school accommodation for the major portion of them.

The curriculum provides academic instruction equivalent to the second year in high school. In addition the girls are given a thorough training in domestic science, and the boys, a course in agriculture, together with elementary training in carpentry, blacksmithing and the operation of internal combustion engines, sufficient to enable them to apply it in a practical manner in modern farm life.

While every possible effort is made to impart a sound academic and industrial education, special attention is given to the health of the pupils. During the years spent in the residen-



"What was the name of the last station we passed, mummy?"
"I don't know."

"What a pity. Baby fell out there."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1862

tal schools medical treatment is provided, which, with a balanced diet and supervised recreation, assists in the building up of a robust constitution.

Under the care and tutelage of the Department of Indian Affairs the prairie Indian has now become a successful agriculturist. The official records for 1928 show that 65,104 acres, in the Prairie Provinces alone, were sown to grain, from which were garnered 65,104 bushels. In addition, 971 acres were planted to root crops from which 61,448 bushels were harvested; and 87,766 tons of hay and other fodder were produced.

Daylight and Twilight

Hours Of Day and Night Nearly Equal At The Equator

In the tropics, near the equator, nearly equal hours of day and night obtain the year round. The extremely short twilight which comes to this locality is proverbial. Kipling's lines picture the dawn coming up like thunder; but generally speaking, in the temperate zones there is nearly an hour from the exact moment of sunsetting until it becomes totally dark. Twilight, the transition period between daylight and darkness, increases in length as one goes north or south of the equator. It has been stated that of the 3,766 hours which make up a year, there are at the equator 4,407 hours daylight, 864 twilight, and 3,465 night. At the poles the proportion changes to 4,450 hours daylight, 2,403 twilight and 1,913 night.—Christian Science Monitor.



(By Annette)



LOTS OF STYLE AND CHIC FOR YOUNG

Look how attractively the kilted plaids are arranged? They are set on the bodice that joins the skirt in a distinct and unusual way. It gives it a simple, long-waisted look. The bodice belt its waistline at normal. The sleeves show smart detail in slight fullness at the wrist. The belt is a simple long-waisted bodice belt. The ribbed pattern is charming trim against the wine red crepe woolen with dark blue dots used for the original Paris model.

Style No. 918 is designed for girls of 10, 12 and 14 years.

Wool jersey, cover cloth, featherweight tweed, rayon crepe, linen, tweed, printed cotton and wool crepe prints are smartly appropriate.

Size 8 requires 1½ yards 54-inch with ¾ yard 35-inch contrasting.

Style No. 919 is designed for girls of 10, 12 and 14 years.

Fashion Edition. Write plainly and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg Pattern No. — Size —

Name ——————
Town ——————

Egg Laying Contest

Eleventh Canadian Contest Is Concluded At Ottawa Experimental Farm

Championship of the 11th Canadian egg laying contest which has just concluded at the central experimental Farm at Ottawa, goes to a pen of white leghorn hens entered by Richard Green, of Farrington Park, Preston, England. Second place honors went to Mrs. W. P. Thompson, of Birch Hills, Saak, with a pen of barred Plymouth Rocks, while third place was taken by a pen of Rhode Island Reds, entered by the University of British Columbia. The contest was held over a fifty-two week period.

The best laying individual bird in the contest was a Rhode Island Red "N.P.-226" entered by Dan Russell, New Westminster, B.C. It compiled a total score of 287.8 points for 249 eggs.

Second individual honours went to a barred Plymouth Rock "No. 262" entered by Pratt Experimental Farm, Morton, Pa., with a total score of 284.9 points for 248 eggs. Third place was taken by a white Leghorn, "No. 524," and owned by J. K. Dugan, Cobblehill, B.C., total score 283.7 points for 244 eggs.

Scores of the leading pens in the length contest follow: Richard Green, Farrington Park, England, pen No. 50, scored 2,176 points for 1,904 eggs; Mrs. W. J. Thompson, pen No. 18 (second), 2,174.6 points for 2,228 eggs; University of B.C., pen No. 33, 2,163 points for 2,174 eggs.

The fact that the English pen won the championship although the second and third honor birds had a better total laying performance than the winners, is explained by the rules of the contest under which the size and weight of the eggs figure in the point scoring.

Out of a total of 800 scoring entries in the 80 pens which made up the contest, only 142 qualified for official registration during the year.

Pure Bred Stock

Four Ayrshire Heifer Calves Go To Experimental Station At Windermere, B.C.

Four Ayrshire heifer calves which were purchased by Capt. Dun Waters of Pinty, B.C., at the recent draft sale of Ayrshires at the University of British Columbia, have been offered to and accepted by Dr. E. S. Archibald, Director of Experimental Farms on behalf of the Dominion Experimental Station at Windermere, B.C. These helpers—Auchendene Minstrel's Fawn, Netherhall Lovely Melinda, and Nethercraig Majestic Beauty were all imported in Canada and are of exceptionally good breeding.

Great Ayrshire Cow

High Record Of Milk Production From Cow At Indian Head Experimental Farm

The R.O.P. report of Tullochgorum Dorothy (82210), owned by the Experimental Farms at Indian Head, shows this Ayrshire to have given 15,351 pounds of milk, 600 pounds of fat in 365 days on three milking a day in the mature class, honor roll division. This is the highest record so far this year in this class and is Dorothy's third consecutive record.

Have Exclusive Language
Obliged to find most of their companionship among their own sex, the women of India have developed a real freemasonry of sex, so that in certain parts of India there exists a woman's language which men cannot understand.

Confirmed Criminals

Dr. Sheldon Gleuck, assistant professor of criminology at Harvard law school, has reported that results of a recent survey tend to show four-fifths of the prisoners at the Massachusetts state reformatory fall back into crime at least once within five years of their parole. The report covered the records of 500 prisoners, released between 1911 and 1922.

Canada's potato crop is about 600,000 barrels below last year.

Canada's potato crop is estimated at 47,362,400 cwt., an increase of approximately 7,300,000 cwt., or ten per cent. over last year.

The potato crop in British Columbia is reported to have matured very well but is considerably lacking in size.

The estimated yield is placed at 10,366 tons. The Ontario onion crop, estimated at 18,000 tons, has matured under favorable conditions and is 20.5 per cent greater than in 1929.

The train was organized by the Quebec Department of Agriculture in co-operation with the Agricultural Colleges in the province, the seed branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and the C.N.R., and was part of a campaign now under way in Quebec for securing greater yields from a more intelligent and more general use of agricultural lime and commercial fertilizers.

Of the four coaches which made up the train, the first was used as a laboratory where samples of soil, brought in by visiting farmers, were tested for acidity, and recommendations given as to the approximate quantities of lime required according to the results of the acidity tests.

The second car was devoted to demonstrating the advantages from the proper use of agricultural lime; the third, those of commercial fertilizers, while the fourth was the lecture car in which lectures were given by the officials in charge on the use of agricultural lime and commercial fertilizers.

Upwards of 10,000 farmers visited the train in the course of its tour and about 5,000 soil samples were tested.

Glasgow Port Opened For Cattle Shipments

Rate Is \$15.00 Per Head From Canadian Atlantic Ports

Two important developments in the cattle export trade occurred when Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, announced that the steamship companies had agreed to open a service from Canadian Atlantic ports to Glasgow at a rate of \$15 per head.

Heretofore, the cattle boats have gone to Liverpool. Mr. Weir has got the shipping companies to fall into line on ocean rates, at a level of \$15 per head. One of them had been charging \$20.

He regards the opening of the Glasgow port, centre of a large feeding area, as of importance. The Scottish cattlemen, he said recently, are more interested in buying feeder stock, while the Liverpool trade drives fat cattle ready for killing.

A total of 18,029,973 telegrams was transmitted and received in Canada in 1929, an increase of 1,172,753 over 1928. There are 360,853 miles of telegraph lines in Canada.

Handsome new offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway have just been opened at Ouellette Avenue and Chatham Street, Windsor, Ont. Above lay-out shows the location of these offices, the opening of which was made the occasion of a large gathering of C.P.R. men from every department of the company's activities as well as of representative citizens from Windsor. Inset shows His Honor Cecil E. Jackson, Mayor of Windsor, who cut the ribbon that served to tie the front entrance of the building.

(22)

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A working man's family spends on the average, \$140 a year on doctor's bills and other medical expenses, according to a statement from the U.S. Department of Labor.

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IN MUTUAL TRUST LIES THE WAY TO SOLUTION OF WAR

London, England.—The Prince of Wales told delegates to the Imperial Conference that in the establishment of international units of co-operation and mutual trust lies the way to the solution of war. He spoke at a breakfast to the delegates in the Guildhall, his words coming clearly to thousands of Canadians by means of radio broadcast.

"Britain and her Dominions," he said, "have solved the problem of disarmament among themselves and relegated war to the scrap heap. Is it too much to hope that the other three-quarters of the world, despite difference in language, ancient enmities and mistrusts, may tread the same path?"

The approach of Armistice Day, he asserted, "recalls that awful period when the British Empire demonstrated to the world its own complete solidarity as the greatest brotherhood the world has ever known, and its readiness to help in the creation of a similar brotherhood among all nations."

"There remain those who profess a disbelief in the ability of the League of Nations to prevent war, but what," he asked, "have they to offer as an alternative for the establishment of peace and the rebuilding of world prosperity?"

B.C. Bandits Escape

Evade Guards But Part Of Body Was Recovered

Vancouver, B.C.—Shooting their way through a guard established on the Fraser River bridge by two West-minister constables, \$10,000 in stocks and bonds and \$300 cash from a store at Murrayville, escaped into Queen's Park and eluded all efforts of police posse to surround them.

The \$10,000 loot, apparently dropped by the robbers in their dash towards the woods of Queen's Park, was recovered. It was found on the grounds of the mental hospital, reposing safely in a small drawer which had been removed from the safe.

May Establish Branch Factories In Canada

Several British Manufacturing Firms Are Considering the Matter

London, England.—Hon. H. Stevens, Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce, has received information that several British industrial firms are considering the establishment of branch factories in Canada. One textile concern is reported to have decided on a site in the Prairie area.

Kitson, famous German steel firm, is also said to be sending a representative to Canada to survey the ground with a view to establishment of a Canadian plant.

Will Form Water Board

New Western Body To Regulate Lakes and Streams of Western Provinces

Ottawa, Ont.—Confirmation of the proposal to form a western provinces water board for the regulation of waters in lakes and streams of the prairie provinces and the North West Territories was made recently by Hon. Thomas G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior. "The despatch from Winnipeg is substantially correct," Mr. Murphy stated.

J. T. Johnson, director of the Dominion water power and hydroelectric service, the minister said, would be chairman of the new body.

Penalties For Butter Adulteration

Ottawa, Ont.—The question of more severe penalties for the adulteration of butter is under the consideration of Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture. A request for such action was recently made to Major Weir by the Montreal Produce Association.

Grain Grades Affected

Edmonton, Alberta—Fifty per cent. of grain receipts in the Edmonton division in ten days after the mid-October blizzard, graded tough, and seven per cent. damp. It is expected that the effect of good drying weather will soon begin to show.

Entertaining Trade Delegation

Tokyo, Japan.—The trade delegation of the Canadian Chambers of Commerce is being given an opportunity to meet Japanese business men by a series of luncheons, which are being given by Hon. H. M. Marler, Canadian minister to Japan.

Pledge Not Kept

British Government Protests Against Continuance Of Soviet Propaganda

London, England.—The British Government has made representations to Soviet Russia that the Moscow Government has not been observing its pledge against propaganda exchange between the two countries on the resumption of relations.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, foreign secretary, divulged in the House of Commons that this representation had been made as a result of inquiry into propaganda carried on by the Third Internationale in Great Britain and other parts of the Empire.

"I asked the ambassador to impress seriously on his government that continuation of this propaganda would be calculated to endanger relations between the two countries," The ambassador, Mr. Henderson, "said that the Soviet government would continue to observe the pledge but could not control the activities of the Third Internationale."

Loud Conservative cries greeted this statement, but the matter was allowed to drop.

Prospectors Drawn In Northern Manitoba Lake

News Of Tragedy Reveals Tale Of Heroism

The Pas, Man.—Lakes of Northern Manitoba took their first human toll of the season when two prospectors, Charles Stabback and Fred Miller, drowned. They crashed through thin ice while travelling across Herb Lake. Details reaching The Pas from the north, indicate a typical northern tale of heroism lies behind the tragedy.

The men were travelling by dog team with a canoe in the sled. One prospector fell in, while the other was able to save himself. He ran to the shore, not far away, obtaining a long pole and attempted to save his companion. Blundering through ragging snow storm that swept the Herb Lake area, he met death with his companion. The pole was floating on the surface of the water to mark the tragedy for searchers. The bodies were recovered.

Brandon Entry Wins Egg Laying Contest

Race For Honors Was Between Saskatchewan and Manitoba Birds

Brandon, Man.—The white leghorn entry of John R. Beer, Brandon, won the eleventh Manitoba egg laying contest conducted at Brandon experimental farm. The closing weeks of the contest were exceedingly interesting as the final outcome was in doubt until the last few days. During the summer months there were several pens with an equal chance of winning the contest, but during the final month the race for premier honors was between the barred rock entry of W. C. Wroth's Sunton poultry farm, Welwyn, Sask., and the white leghorns entered by J. R. Beer.

At the close of the contest Mr. Beer had a total of 2,270 eggs and 2,297 points, and the barred rocks owned by W. C. Wroth had a total of 2,207 eggs and 2,217 points.

Not Asked To Testify

Friedrichshafen, Germany.—Dr. Friedrichshafen, master of the Graf Zeppelin, denied that he had been invited by the British Government to testify in its inquiry into the R-101 catastrophe. He added that he had no intention of going to England for the inquiry, since he was not an eyewitness to the disaster.

Ban Reparations Talk

Berlin, Germany.—The foreign affairs committee of the Reichstag rejected all motions to raise the question of reparations revision in this session. At the same time it called for an end to the situation wherein a disarmed Germany is surrounded by ever increasing preparations for war."

Date Set For Atlantic Flight

Friedrichshafen, Germany.—The start of the huge passenger plane DO-X on its trans-oceanic flight to the United States has been tentatively set for November 12, from Lisbon. Under this arrangement, the DO-X left for Amsterdam en route to Lisbon November 2.

Was World's Oldest Clergyman

Magilligan, Northern Ireland.—The Rev. Hugh Butler, so far as known here, is the world's oldest clergyman in point of service and years of life, dead aged 104. He was born minister of the Magilligan Presbyterian Church nearly 70 years.

France's daily toll of injured on streets and highways is 250.

Recover Part Of Money Only

Winnipeg Police Succeed In Locating Only Part Of Loot Of Bank Robbers

Winnipeg, Man.—Detectives of central police headquarters made records in the fast round-up of alleged bandits in the Transcanada Bank of Toronto robbery on October 1, but they have had little success, despite diligent search, in locating the majority of the \$12,000 loot.

Ten persons were arrested in connection with the robbery, one is now under sentence of three years in the penitentiary, three others have been committed for trial, and charges are pending against the others. Only \$3,000 of the \$12,000 secured by the bandits has been recovered, and a "mystery man" is believed to have escaped with the missing \$9,000.

EMPIRE RADIO STATIONS MAY BE ESTABLISHED

London, England.—At the Imperial Conference, the committee on communications, which has been considering the erection of an Empire broadcasting station, encountered both financial and technical difficulties.

The cost of the central station, which would be built in England, is estimated at 40,000 pounds, or about \$19,000 a year for the first five years. How the cost would be allocated has still to be determined.

Relaying stations would have to be constructed at a number of points to ensure proper reception. The idea would be to broadcast a regular radio program, including news bulletins, throughout the Empire. According to the skeletonized plan already submitted there would be four separate hours of broadcasting, and Canada, owing to the difference in time between the Dominion and the Old Country, would have devoted to it the early morning hours, so that the program would arrive before Canadian radio listeners had gone to bed.

The Sankey committee, headed by the Lord Chancellor, will soon have its draft report ready for the Imperial Conference. The report, dealing largely with constitutional issues, covers three main grounds; the channels of communications to be adopted as between Britain and the Dominions; the advisability of extending in practice the machinery of Dominion autonomy as recognized in the Balfour report of 1926 and the establishment of an Empire tribunal for the hearing of disputes between different units of the Empire.

The appointment of governor-general is understood to come under review. The British Government, it is learned, holds that advice on a proposed appointment given by a Dominion Government to the King should continue to pass through United Kingdom channels.

The constitutional committee members were so intent on their work recently that they did not adjourn for

YOUNG CANADIAN POET



Interesting camera study of Nathaniel Benson, young Canadian poet, who was recently married in Hart House Chapel, Toronto, Ont. His bride is former Miss Emma Wright.

luncheon, being content to discuss the political status between sandwich bunches.

One economic sub-committee worked on the application of a quota scheme to British purchases of canned fruit, fish and dairy products.

The Canadian Prime Minister, Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, has entirely re- covered from his recent indisposition.

Pool Guarantees

Information In Connection With Wheat Pool Loans Will Be Given In January

Winnipeg, Man.—About the end of January, "losses" to the Prairie Provinces in connection with their backing of Wheat Pool loans, will be definitely known, according to the statement of Premier John Bracken, of Manitoba. Mr. Bracken, who says that the prairies may lose more than \$10,000,000 unless wheat prices improve, considers that the position of the provinces will not be determined until the unsold 1929 grain is disposed of—namely, he says, in about three months.

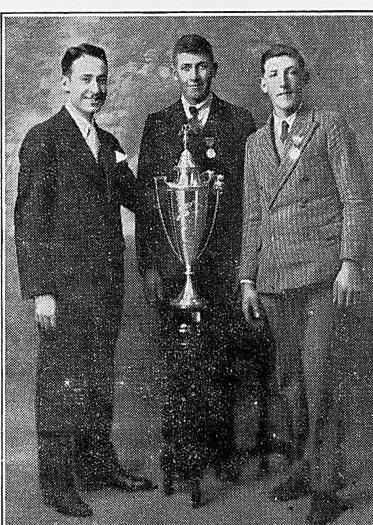
No ultimate loss will accrue to Alberta in any case, states Premier J. E. Brownlee, who claims that "it will all be taken care of by the Wheat Pool." He states that the prairie governments are not being pressed to meet the guarantees they offered to the lending banks and characterizes crop-loss talk as "a matter of speculation." No stand on the question has been taken by Saskatchewan's premier, Dr. J. T. M. Anderson, beyond saying that when the governments decide a statement necessary it will be made.

Premier Bracken at a luncheon described the \$10,000,000 loss figure as "somebody's guess."

May Accompany Wilkins

Winnipeg, Man.—Sir Hubert Wilkins has invited Lincoln Ellsworth, United States explorer, to his proposed submarine trip to the North Pole. Sir Hubert plans to start the 2,100-mile journey under the sea to the pole next June.

SWINE CLUB COMPETITION



Ernest Haughton and Hilbert de Leeuw, 14-year-old Kamloops boys, who recently outmatched all competitors in the annual Canadian Pacific Railway British Columbia Swine Club Competitions. These lads will later compete against the prairie club winners, at Toronto, for the Dominion championship. Seen in the picture left to right, George Ballantine, assistant superintendent British Columbia District, Canadian Pacific, who presented the trophy and medals to the lucky lads, Ernest and Hilbert, who, in addition, receive a free trip to the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto.

Changes In B.C. Cabinet

Reorganization Completed With Swearing In Of New Officers

Victoria, B.C.—Reorganization of the cabinet of Premier S. F. Tolmie was completed with the swearing in of the re-arranged slate before the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. R. R. Bruce.

Hon. F. B. Burden retires from the government and his place as Minister of Lands is taken by Hon. N. S. Lougheed, former Minister of Public Works.

Hon. R. W. Bruhn, former president of the council, takes the portfolio of Public Works.

Hon. C. A. Shelly, former Minister of Finance, becomes President of the Council.

Hon. J. W. Jones, former speaker of the Legislature, becomes Minister of Finance.

Mr. Burden will go to London as agent for the province, succeeding F. A. Pauline.

Home Government Will Not Interfere

Dominions May Choose Governors-General For Appointment By King

London, England.—The Daily Herald says one of the most important results of the Imperial Conference would be elimination of interference of the home government in selection of governors-general for the dominions.

The paper said a method of procedure had been worked out in committee, and that in the future each governor-general would be appointed by the King solely in consultation with and on the advice of the dominion government.

SUGGEST BONUS TO ASSIST THE WHEAT FARMER

Ottawa, Ont.—A proposal that the Dominion Government grant a bonus to western wheat farmers whose wheat crops were caught in the rain and snow storms this fall is being given serious consideration by the Department of Agriculture. It costs three cents a bushel to dry tough wheat and five cents a bushel to dry damp wheat.

The proposal which the department has under consideration is said to be that the Dominion offer to pay one cent and a half cents a bushel on the grain caught in the storms if the province would pay a like amount. Should Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, decide to recommend to his colleagues that the government make such an offer, it would be accompanied by the provision that it would only apply to a limited number of bushels for each farmer.

The misfortune of having the crops injured by rains has made more acute the situation of the prairie farmers, already serious because of the low price grain is bringing. It is known that Mr. Weir has been studying every suggestion to cope with the difficulty regardless of from where the suggestions emanated.

Hon. George Headley, Alberta Minister of Agriculture, suggested that the Dominion Government provide free drying facilities at the terminal elevators. This has been studied by the Federal Department and it is understood many obstacles presented themselves, one was the vast amount of bookkeeping that would be necessary to differentiate between the wheat entitled to free drying and that which would be paid for. Often in drying, wheat becomes bleached, and suffers loss of a grade. The question would arise whether the government, in case of free drying, would be liable for loss caused by such improper drying. Experts estimate that much of the wheat caught in the rains would maintain 30 per cent. moisture. The point has been raised whether it would be economical to transport all this wheat to terminal elevators, whether it would not be much more profitable to feed it as it is.

One problem of course which applies both to a bonus and free drying would be that the farmers with big crops would reap the greatest benefit whereas the people most in need of assistance are the small farmers. For this reason it has been suggested that the number of bushels on which a bonus would be paid to any one farmer would be limited. Should a bonus be decided upon it would not be taken out of the \$20,000,000 voted to deal with unemployment, but from some other vote.

Free grain to livestock is looked upon as the most logical way of alleviating the western situation, but many cannot buy the livestock and in a number of districts shortage of water supply makes livestock farming difficult.

FREIGHT RATES ON ALBERTA COAL ARE REDUCED

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Mines, has announced that as a special measure to assist unemployed conditions in Alberta, the Board of Railway Commissioners had authorized the movement of Alberta coal to Ontario at a freight rate of \$6.75 per ton, to be effective from October 25 to December 1 of this year.

The government had received from the Canadian coal committees and other coal interests in Alberta appeals for the assistance now being granted with a view of alleviating restrictions in mine output by sending supplies to the Ontario market. Placed before the Board of Railway Commissioners and the railways these representations said Mr. Gordon, had met with sympathetic response.

The coal will move under the provisions of Order-in-Council P.C. 439, which has for its object test rates for the movement of Alberta coal to Ontario and the encouragement of inter-provincial coal movements. The Order-in-Council specifies a reduced freight rate of \$6.75 per ton to be effective for not less than three months in each year during the time of its operation, which was first named to cover the period from March 16, 1928, to March 15, 1931, but by a later Order-in-Council was extended for another year, to March 15, 1932.

The minister explained that while the railway board's present order is a special measure to provide the coal movement to take place wholly as an aid to the unemployment situation, he had the assurance of the Board of Railway Commissioners that before the period expires the board will issue another order making effective the \$6.75 freight rate from December 1, 1930, to July 31, 1931, as a regular movement under the Order-in-Council. This means that from October 25 of the present year to July 31 of next year there will be continuous shipments under the reduced freight rate.

Reduce Initial Payment

Wheat Pool Makes Reduction On Initial Payment

Winnipeg, Man.—A five-cent-per-bushel reduction in the initial payment on barley was announced by the central selling agency of the Canadian Wheat Pool. Initial payment on the basis of No. 3 C.W. barley at Fort William will thus amount to 20 cents a bushel.

The reduction applies to all the malting grades and No. 3 C.W. Payment spreads on the lower grades have been narrowed somewhat and are as follows: No. 1 C.W., 16 cents; No. 2 C.W., 14 cents, with a minimum payment of 12 cents a bushel on the lower grades.

The Pool's initial payment was apparently higher than the street prices paid by the trade for barley, it is pointed out by the coarse grains committee of the central board in explaining the reduction. Since the recent slump in barley prices, prices quoted have been particularly lower on the higher grades present in Manitoba. This, and "increasing deliveries of barley to the Pool made it absolutely necessary to reduce the initial payment," the Pool announced.

Property damage was enormous, but it was considered remarkable that the toll of lives was not greater. For scarcely a building in the cities of Ancona and Senigallia escaped damage and the "quake struck terror to a score of towns and villages across 4,000 square miles of northeastern Italy." Casualty figures were made available by the ministry of the interior, and though it was almost certain they would increase, additional information was received, it was thought unlikely that more than 35 or 40 had been killed in all the quake zone.

Guests Of King George

London, England.—The entire Canadian delegation to the Imperial Conference were guests of His Majesty at a reception at the Buckingham Palace, October 29.

First Attempt To Fly Across Atlantic

Made In Dirigible, "America" On October Fifteenth 1910

Dimmed by the passing years, man's first attempt to fly the Atlantic was recalled October 15, on the twentieth anniversary of the take-off.

The flight was made in the dirigible "America," starting at Atlantic City, and terminating 1,000 miles at sea October 15, 1910, when the crew of six forsook their craft for the royal mail steamer "Trent."

It was nine years later that the ocean was conquered by Navy fliers in the NC-4 and Capt. John Alcock and Lieut. Arthur W. Brown, were first to span the water non-stop.

Walter Wellman, veteran explorer and newspaper man, headed the America's crew which included Melvin Vaniman, chief engineer; P. M. Simons, navigator; J. K. Irwin, wireless operator; A. L. Louie and Jean Aubert, assistant engineer, and a kitesman.

Their craft, a far cry from today's monster air liners, was made of silk and cotton gummied together to form a cigar-bag 228 feet long and 52 feet in diameter.

On the under side was a car 166 feet long in the bottom of which was a 75-foot steel tank for gasoline. Below it was hung a lifeboat used in flight as sleeping quarters.

Suspended from the equilibrator, a novel device called the equilibrator, 300 feet of steel cable from which dangled 30 steel tanks filled with gasoline and a "rat tail" of 40 wooden blocks.

This device, dragging in the water, would light a fuse to successful flight, but Wellman, after the rescue at sea, branded it as "the fatal mistake of the venture."

The equilibrator was believed necessary to ground the wireless, to maintain the ship on even keel and to lighten the load when gas seeped from the envelope or shrank in cool air.

Starting from Atlantic City, powered by two engines of 80 horsepower each, the ship averaged 12 miles an hour, though it had a maximum speed of 26 miles an hour and for three days zig-zagged towards Europe, until the dangling equilibrator, tossed by the waves, gave promise of tearing the "America" asunder.

At dawn the fourth day the "Trent" was sighted and signaled to stand by. The "America" was maneuvered close to the ship. The lifeboat was dropped and was nearly capsized by the thrashing equilibrator. The crew was transferred. The dirigible, free of the weight, mounted the skies as an aerial derelict, and was lost at sea.

Wellman, now nearing his seventy-second birthday, lives in New York. Vaniman, undaunted by the first failure, built the dirigible "Akron" and was killed July 2, 1912, when it exploded over the Atlantic on a test flight.

Of the rest Wellman has no definite knowledge. Irwin, he believes, is in the naval service, Aubert in Los Angeles, Louie untraced, and Simons, an Englishman, is somewhere in Great Britain.

Schoolboy Strike a Failure

Students At School In South India Have Learned Lesson

A record for non-stop whacking has been established by the Indian head master at a school at Mereba, in South India, a military despatch to the London Daily Mail.

In one morning the school master caned 182 boys who had quit their work and gone on a strike. Reaching their homes, the boys complained to their parents, but most of their fathers and mothers gave them a second whipping.

Two of the boys went to hospitals desiring to be treated but the surgeon gave them another caning. It was alleged, and sent them away. No more schoolboy strikes are expected at Mereba.

"Two good aids to health," says a doctor, "are to swim regularly and drink plenty of water." To insure the most gratifying results, of course, these should be done separately.



"We teach the children strictest honesty."

"Aren't you afraid it will handicap them in later life?"—Moustique, Charlerol.

W. N. U. 1862

Will Aid Stock Raising

Opening Of Oversea Market Will Prove Boon To Western Farmers

Increased stock raising in western Canada involving a swing-over from straight grain growing to mixed farming, is looked for by cattlemen and prominent agriculturists as the result of the opening of Scottish markets to Canadian cattle and the obtaining of a flat rate of \$15 per head for carrying the animals across the Atlantic, announced by Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture.

George H. Williams, president of the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, said the announcement was a great achievement on the part of the new minister of agriculture, but also urged that efforts be made to extend the shipment of cattle to Cardiff, Wales, and to English ports, particularly those on the east coast. Norfolk, Suffolk, Lincolnshire and Cambridgeshire would, he thought, be profitable markets for Canadian cattle as a large quantity of the beef sold in London is fattened there.

William Darnborough, of Laura, Sask., holder of a number of world's championships for grain and stock, thinks that the announcement would give renewed hope to farmers in the west. He also favored extending the shipments to England.

Popularity Of Radio

Over Half A Million Radios Now In Use In Canada

The radio is rapidly advancing in popularity in Canada. There are over 500,000 licensed radios now in use throughout the Dominion and by the end of the Canadian Government fiscal year on March 31, 1931, it is expected the total number of licensed sets in use will be about 600,000. All owners of radio receiving sets in Canada are required to take out a license from the Radio Branch of the Canadian Government Department of Marine at a cost of \$1. For this nominal charge the government gives benefits and service help to the radio fan. One branch of this service is to detect and check cases of interference that prevent clear reception. Motor cars with special equipment are maintained in a number of centres throughout the Dominion to find out where the trouble is anchored. When located experts apply the remedy. These cars are constantly cruising over a wide area. Free radio licenses are issued to the blind.

Lessons For Home-Makers

Correspondence Course In Foods And Nutrition Arranged For Women Of Manitoba

The correspondence course in foods and nutrition is offered again to the women of Manitoba by the Extension Service in the Department of Agriculture. The course consists of 16 lessons, which are sent out weekly by mail, beginning November 3. The lessons are planned for busy home-makers and are simple in form and practical in application. Terms which have often served no better purpose than to frighten women away from the subject of nutrition are dealt with in everyday language.

This course was first developed in 1927, and was then offered to any woman anywhere. Sixty women took the course the first year. One hundred and sixteen took it the second year. When the course was announced last year it was offered to the women of Manitoba only, and 134 took it. This is evidence of the interest in the course.

Drop Only Temporary

Two suburban districts in London, England, bear the names, Hampstead and Islington. They adjoin, and the same bus goes into each suburb. The conductor was announcing the arrival at the first of these two places by shouting: "Amstead! Amstead!"

"Pardon me," said J. J. Shannon, the famous artist, as he was getting off the bus, "Conductor, you've dropped something — the 'H' in Hampstead."

"That's half right, Sir," came the cheerful rejoinder. "H'll pick him up at Husting."

Arrives In Time

The Japanese instrument of ratification of the London naval treaty arrived in England, October 24, aboard the "Leviathan," winning by three days a race with time to get it here for deposit of ratifications at the foreign office, 10 Downing Street, London, England, on October 27.

Unnecessary Repetition: "Then you won't marry me?"

"No — a thousand 'times no!" "You needn't say 'No' a thousand times," said the rejected suitor, resentfully. "I only asked you once!"

Australia has a bird called "Laughing Jackass."

Making Bread In Colours

Blue, Green, Rose and Yellow Loaves Produced By Aid Of Vegetable Dyes

Leaves of bread colored in almost all tints of the rainbow are about to be introduced to Toronto, and possibly other parts of Ontario and Canada, according to the exhibit of baking equipment, materials and products staged in connection with the recent convention of the Royal York Hotel of the Bread and Cake Bakers Association of Canada and Allied Industries.

Strollers through the display hall on the convention floor blinked and took a longer look when they came to the booth occupied by products of the Trent Institute, the baking school in operation in conjunction with the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph. For there, sitting demurely against a snowy damask cloth, was an array of loaves with not only their crusts but the dough emanating brilliant hues of blue, yellow, green, rose and pink.

Many of the surprised strollers decided that either they or the baker had been seeing things, but the possibilities of the thing struck them before long. Pink bread for pink teas, blue bread for blue dishes or when you are down in the dumper, green bread with salads, yellow bread to eat with corn on the cob.

A large demand for the bread which can be produced in almost any color or combination of colors by the use of harmless vegetable colorings is foreseen for use at special functions and social affairs and at banquets given by organizations boasting colors.

"Imagine the hit it would make to have blue and white bread at a Varisty banquet, or red, yellow and green loaves at a dinner given by Shriners," exclaimed Paul Haeberlin, producer of the bread on show at the Royal York. Colored bread is being sold regularly he said, in New Jersey, Chicago and other parts of the United States, and is apparently quite popular. The loaves taste the same as ordinary white bread, the color enhancing their appearance but changing the flavor not at all.

U. S. Military Invasion

Military Teams From Europe, United States and Canada To Attend Toronto Winter Fair

Military teams from Europe, the United States and Canada will take part in the program to be given each evening at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, November 19 to 27, 1930. This fair is one of the largest agricultural fairs held annually in any country. Last year there were 2,000 exhibitors with 16,368 competitive entries, and there were 929 from the United States and 10 from Ireland.

This great fair, with its international appeal, is held in the Coliseum, one of the buildings at the Canadian National Exhibition grounds in the west end of the city, which has a seating capacity of 10,000.

This year's show promises to be bigger and better than any of its predecessors and it will be the mecca for representatives of agriculture from many parts of the world.

The Philosopher's Stone

A person looking for a short cut to riches is said to be looking for the philosopher's stone. The ancient alchemists believed that somewhere in nature there existed a substance which would convert ordinary metals into gold. This imaginary substance was called the philosopher's stone because it was conceived to be linked up with the theories of matter advanced by the philosophers.

Saskatchewan Honey Crop

The honey crop this year in the Province of Saskatchewan is placed at 550,000 pounds, an increase of 150,000 pounds over the 1929 output.

CALLED TO THE BAR



Photographs above show Miss Aletta Lenore Colter (left), and Miss Belva Gordon, who were called to the bar by Chief Justice Rose at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, Ontario.

Linguistic Difficulties

Anglo-Saxons Do Not Usually Find Foreign Languages Easy To Master

The American who astounds his friends by suddenly breaking out in brilliant French has his counterpart in the advertising pages of French magazines. There the same alluring promises are made—the Frenchman is told that he can acquire a fluent command of English in an amazingly short time.

The sad truth, as most Americans see it, is that the French do indeed take to language as a duck to water, while the Anglo-Saxon, splash about as he may, never gets beyond the need of a life-preserver or pocket dictionary. The noblest resolves to learn the French in their own language sink before the amiable temptation of the French to parler anglais.

A capable young woman employed in an international organization with headquarters in America was promoted to a position which necessitated her living in Paris. She had little French, so it was arranged that she should live with a French family, none of whom spoke English. Wise counsellors assured that daily contact with Monsieur, Madame, and their three lively children would soon remedy her faulty French.

The experiment fell short of success.

At the end of a year the American Miss still spoke French

fluently, while the entire French

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Commerce On Great Lakes

Doubtful If Any Equal Area Of Water Carries As Much

W. E. Tracey writing in The New York Telegram says:

"The United States has four coasts—one on the Atlantic, one on the Pacific, one on the Gulf of Mexico, and one on the Great Lakes.

Of all four, that on the Great Lakes is the longest, which will surprise some folks.

The fact that we have called "lakes" seems to have made a deeper impression than the fact that we have called them "great"; a good illustration of the effectiveness of nouns, compared to that of adjectives. Rare is the visitor from other parts of this country who beholds one of the Great Lakes for the first time without expressing astonishment that he cannot see across it.

One-third of the American people dwell in States bordering the Great Lakes.

The second, fourth and sixth largest cities in this country are situated on the Great Lakes, not to mention Buffalo, Milwaukee and Toledo, which can hardly be rated as unimportant, especially since Buffalo and Toledo are among our eight greatest ports.

Three times as much tonnage passes through the Detroit River and St. Surt Ste. Marie each year as the Suez Canal.

It is doubtful whether any equal area of water on earth carries as much commerce as the Great Lakes."

Require Special Training

Horses Used In State Processions Must Become Used To Noise and Color

"Caesar" and "Castor," the late Lord Roseberry's favorite carriage horses, which have been presented to the King and Queen of England, will have to attend school and take music lessons before they are allowed to appear, in State processions.

Each afternoon they will be taken, with the younger animals in the royal stables, to the riding school at Buckingham Palace Mews, for exercises amid waving flags and the music of the stable "horses." Grooms, postal lions, stable hands, and the royal coachman take a hand in the performance dressed in guards' uniforms, complete with busbies (tall feather hats), bringing with them the queerest assortment of instruments which are given to them to play forth music.

The entertainment goes on for about half an hour every afternoon, to get the horses accustomed to the noises of public demonstrations, crowds, bugles, the sound of music close at hand, and the vivid colors of military uniforms, explains one of the royal coachmen.

To set a good example they bring some of the older and more experienced horses to school. These have a steady effect on the youngsters. A guard's husky can be a terrifying object in the sight of a "raw" recruit at the stables.

Trade Conditions Reviewed

Review Of World Business Conditions Issued By U. S. Commerce Department

A review of world business conditions, made up from cable and radio messages, was said at the United States Commerce Department to show a number of hopeful indications as to the future development in some countries and dark prospects in others. The study was carried on in almost every quarter of the globe.

The review states: Far Eastern conditions show several hopeful indications, though actual business has increased very little. Slowly returning confidence was noted in British India and the "good agricultural outlook" was reported the only hopeful feature in the Australian situation."

The review says the French wheat crop was found to be one of the worst on record and that France's foreign trade, both import and export, was at a low ebb.

Reporting on Canada the review stated:

"Increases in contemplated construction in Canada and improved confidence in the textile industry are the principal favorable factors in the Canadian situation, but newspaper production has declined."

Would Be Qualified Romantic Lily — "Will you go through fire and water for me Harold?"

Her Sutor — "D-o-o you really think it's might be necessary?"

Lily — "One can never tell!"

Harold (resolutely) — "Then I think you'd better marry a fireman!"

Man may be one of nature's errors, according to a British scientist. We have never had any doubt that some men we know are.

Food For Thought

Even Small Section Of Land Should Yield A Living

On many farms in Western Canada there are cows, pigs, hens and gardens.

On these farms there may be scarcity of cash at the present time but there is no threat of starvation.

On other farms there are no cows, pigs, hens and gardens.

On some of these farms there is a shortage of cash and the threat of hunger as well.

Where the weather was so dry that feed could not be grown there is some explanation of the absence of live stock and gardens.

In other districts where weather conditions were normal it is difficult to account for the lack of food essentials. Cows, pigs and chickens will get along on low-grade feed. In most parts of Saskatchewan gardens will grow with little attention. A quarter-section should at least produce food.

These things may be said without any reflection on the family that is facing a hard time. It is well that they should be considered.

Would a survey of our farming in Saskatchewan reveal that the best use was being made of the opportunity, perhaps, not to grow rich but to grow enough food? Would such a survey reveal a satisfactory situation? — Regina (Evening) Leader-Post.

Advantages Of Good Seed

No Farmer Can Afford To Use Poor Seed, Says Minister Of Agriculture

"No person can afford to use poor seed," stated Hon. Robert Weir, the new Federal Minister of Agriculture, at the banquet concluding the international plowing match at Stratford recently. Mr. Weir pointed out, in speaking about problems of agriculture during this time of low prices, that the difference between the use of poor seed and good seed only amounted to around 50 cents an acre, whereas the results were vastly greater.

"It costs no more to make a good seed than a poor one," he stated, but he also advised against sowing good seed on dirty land. It was by the use of good seed and good stock, involving no more overhead than the farmer can materially afford, that the farmer can materially add some return on his labor even during the present state of depression in farming circles, the new minister of agriculture contended.

The entertainment goes on for about half an hour every afternoon, to get the horses accustomed to the noises of public demonstrations, crowds, bugles, the sound of music close at hand, and the vivid colors of military uniforms, explains one of the royal coachmen.

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"I learnt to dance ten years ago."

"Oh, no wonder you have forgotten all about it!" — Bueno Humor, Madrid.

Saskatchewan Building Returns

Some \$34,184,000 was spent on the construction of new buildings in Saskatchewan last year. This was greater by \$10,000,000 than that of any previous year in the history of the province.

Big Apple Business

Records of the Dominion Fruit Research at Ottawa show that the apple bushes of Canada last year amounted to 3,030,015 barrels produced in Canadian orchards. In addition, 158,220 barrels were imported and 1,727,147 barrels exported. Exports last year were 300,000 barrels ahead of 1921 and larger than any year since.

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Big Apple Business

Records

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

BY
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

"But—that's it," she said with sudden courage. "Did you hear what that dear old man said to me to-night? He said: 'Give him plenty of rope to run on!' And you'd be free without me, Nick, on this wonderful trip—a thousand times free. You've given me the happiest week of my whole life. Only—I only should want you to come back to me again."

Nick looked at her. The moon was so bright that she saw distinctly the sweet curve of her lips, and the soft, dark hair above her brow. Something in her nearness made him curiously inarticulate, and she misconstrued his silence.

"I could go back," she said quietly. "And—when you got tired of roaming (and I suppose even the most confirmed vagabond has such moments), why—I'd be waiting, and—glad to see you"

She could no longer control the tremble in her voice, and the sound awakened Nick from the trance her words had brought upon him.

"So that's your problem?" he said quietly. "Well, my precious little wife, I'm relieved to hear that you'd be glad to see me! For just a moment I wondered if you were weary of your bargain. As for myself, Gay, I don't care for that long rope, if it's so long that I can't see you at the other end. I don't want my freedom without you to share it. I know I'm a kid in lots of ways, dear—too much of a kid to know how dearly I loved you, even a week ago. But I know now. That answers your problem, doesn't it?"

He would have kissed her, but she moved from him a space, and said, moving her still trembling: "Oh, Nick! You are always so sure. Are you never afraid of—Life?"

"No," Nick answered. He sat quite still, looking down on the moonlit shadows in the valley. "No," he repeated. "Perhaps if I were a woman still my mother was not afraid. It was she who made me see life as I do. She was a poet, my mother. She didn't often put her poetic fancies into words; but the night she died"

Again Nick seemed lost in thought; but as Gay's hand slipped into his he clasped it hungrily, and said: "I've never told this, Gay, even to Aunt Nettie, who knew all my secrets. My mother called me to her, because

TWICE BENEFITED BY SAME REMEDY

Recommends
Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

Cobourg, Ontario.—"Years ago when I had a sick father and a ailing mother, I ran down to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to get strength to do my work. Another time at Chango of life, I had aching muscles and aches and felt tired all the time. I took seven bottles of the Vegetable Compound and felt

I was at the age when she needs building up."—Mrs. T. E. SLEEMAN, R.R. 4, Cobourg, Ontario.

W. N. U. 1862

desperately to be honest, "no, dear, I'm not afraid. Oh, Nick!" she cried, and faced him, her eyes like stars. "Oh, Nick, life is so wonderful! Just now I'm not afraid of—anything!"

CHAPTER IV.

Gay did not know that she touched one of life's mountain-peaks when she spoke those words. Later she was to understand, and look back upon that hour as something precious. For life's big moments do not last. Their beauty perishes like the beauty of a rose, leaving only a fragrance and a memory.

Standing there in the moonlight with Nick's arm about her, Gay felt a sense of security and happiness that, in her ignorance of life, she thought must last forever. Nick loved her; and she was not afraid! Nothing would ever make her afraid again; yet four months later, when they stood together on another hillside, fear stared at her—not fear for herself and the big mystery before her, but fear that because of it Nick's covetous freedom was at an end.

It had been a glorious four months. Leaving the "rusty flivver" with Mr. Bartlett, they had gone forth on foot, because Gay wouldn't let Nick change his long-laid plans.

"That's right," the old man said at parting. "I'll be happy to do just what you set out to do, and there's the railroad to bring you back if either of you gets sick or caves in on the job. You got plenty of money along. Nick, I ain't avarious; you to spend any more's necessary; but there's nothin' makes for comfort on a journey like a full pocketbook. If you need more you got I'll be glad to supply you till it's convenient to pay back."

"That's mighty kind of you," Nick answered, "but I think I've enough to see us through, thanks to my late uncle's not making the will in which he threatened to disinherit me. Thank you for housing the flivver for us, Mr. Bartlett. We'll call for it sometime during the next two years."

"All right sonny; but don't let that little lady get tuckered out. If she does, just ship her back to me and I'll be proud to look after her while you're gallivantin' round the world. Good-bye, ma'am. I'll be pleased to have you drop me a card from every port."

"I shan't forget to," Gay promised; then added, as something wistful in his eyes caught at her heart, "Will you kiss me good-bye in place of the father, I can't remember?"

"That I will!" he replied heartily, "if you'll guarantee it won't make no hard feelin' between Nick and me. Good-bye, children. Don't forget your Uncle Slim when you're off—a-conquer in the universe."

Nick grinned. (To Be Continued.)

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore Health.

Record Of Sign Language
The "Pathfinders" says: A permanent film record is to be made of the sign language of the American Indian tribes. Through this language Indians speaking 500 different dialects are able to converse with one another.

Old age is a long shadow lying in the cold evening sun, but it points towards the morning.

Nick drew a quivering breath, as if the repeating of his mother's words brought back too vividly the night she spoke them. He clasped Gay's hand a little tighter, and cleared his throat. "Perhaps most mothers wouldn't have had that way to a boy like me; but she knew, you see, what I was up against. And the words sank in, Gay. As I grew older they became what she meant them to be—a refuge. I used to think of them when things seemed unfair to me, and they kept me from bitterness. I'd say: 'Don't you care, old man, after this long, hard pull those brooks and birds can't be far ahead,' and my waning courage would come back. The thought steadied me, as my mother's hand on mine had steadied me years before. They were all that she had to leave me—those words, Gay, but they have been a wonderful legacy."

There was a silence until Nick spoke again, turning a little to look into the girl's face.

"I thought, that morning a week ago when I locked the door and started on my journey, I thought then that the weary miles were over—that I'd reached some of the shade my mother promised. But I only thought it then, Gay. Now—now, dear comrade, I—knew."

It was Gay's turn to draw a quivering breath which seemed to be echoed by the pines above them.

"Gay," said Nick quietly, "tell me you're not afraid to tramp the dusty highway with me."

And still Gay did not speak. She arose with a gesture that brought together looking off at a scene of moonlight and night, indeed, have been "the ends of the earth." And then she answered.

"No," she said, slowly, as if trying

though the doctors hadn't told her, she knew it was the end. I knew it, too, though I was only fourteen that day. Talk of being afraid of life! I was afraid then. The thought of losing my precious mother, and of living in my uncle's house without her to defend me, was pretty bleak. She knew that, and I suppose she wanted to give me something to hold onto."

Nick paused a moment, his eyes big and dreamy.

"I can see her now, lying there with her two beautiful braids falling over her shoulders. The window was open, and the breeze that blew across the lamp made little flickering shadows on the pillow. She was pale; but, boy as I was, I was conscious of an unearthly beauty in her face. She said (I have never forgotten one word): 'If I don't get better, sonny, there's something I want you to remember. Life is a highway—a long, long highway that we must travel whether we run or no. If your life's like most lives, Nick, you'll find weary stretches of dusty road that seem to go on forever, and ever, and ever. But usually, when the way seems hardest, and your endurance is almost at an end, the road will lead into a cool woodland. You'll smell the ferns—you'll hear a brook rippling across the stones, and the song of a bird. After a heart-breaking effort to keep your feet in the straight and narrow path that they must tread, son, if you're here real happiness, you'll reach a hill-top, and see on every card, and the fullness thereof, during our difficult visit."

"That's mighty kind of you," Nick answered, "but I think I've enough to see us through, thanks to my late uncle's not making the will in which he threatened to disinherit me. Thank you for housing the flivver for us, Mr. Bartlett. We'll call for it sometime during the next two years."

"All right sonny; but don't let that little lady get tuckered out. If she does, just ship her back to me and I'll be proud to look after her while you're gallivantin' round the world. Good-bye, ma'am. I'll be pleased to have you drop me a card from every port."

"I shan't forget to," Gay promised; then added, as something wistful in his eyes caught at her heart, "Will you kiss me good-bye in place of the father, I can't remember?"

"That I will!" he replied heartily, "if you'll guarantee it won't make no hard feelin' between Nick and me. Good-bye, children. Don't forget your Uncle Slim when you're off—a-conquer in the universe."

Nick grinned. (To Be Continued.)

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore Health.

Record Of Sign Language
The "Pathfinders" says: A permanent film record is to be made of the sign language of the American Indian tribes. Through this language Indians speaking 500 different dialects are able to converse with one another.

Old age is a long shadow lying in the cold evening sun, but it points towards the morning.

Nick drew a quivering breath, as if the repeating of his mother's words brought back too vividly the night she spoke them. He clasped Gay's hand a little tighter, and cleared his throat.

"Perhaps most mothers wouldn't have had that way to a boy like me; but she knew, you see, what I was up against. And the words sank in, Gay. As I grew older they became what she meant them to be—a refuge. I used to think of them when things seemed unfair to me, and they kept me from bitterness. I'd say: 'Don't you care, old man, after this long, hard pull those brooks and birds can't be far ahead,' and my waning courage would come back. The thought steadied me, as my mother's hand on mine had steadied me years before. They were all that she had to leave me—those words, Gay, but they have been a wonderful legacy."

There was a silence until Nick spoke again, turning a little to look into the girl's face.

"I thought, that morning a week ago when I locked the door and started on my journey, I thought then that the weary miles were over—that I'd reached some of the shade my mother promised. But I only thought it then, Gay. Now—now, dear comrade, I—knew."

It was Gay's turn to draw a quivering breath which seemed to be echoed by the pines above them.

"Gay," said Nick quietly, "tell me you're not afraid to tramp the dusty highway with me."

And still Gay did not speak. She arose with a gesture that brought together looking off at a scene of moonlight and night, indeed, have been "the ends of the earth." And then she answered.

"No," she said, slowly, as if trying

though the doctors hadn't told her, she knew it was the end. I knew it, too, though I was only fourteen that day. Talk of being afraid of life! I was afraid then. The thought of losing my precious mother, and of living in my uncle's house without her to defend me, was pretty bleak. She knew that, and I suppose she wanted to give me something to hold onto."

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Stop Coughs Easily This Way

Just rub Vicks
on throat; also
swallow a little
every few hours
VICKS
VAPORUB
OVER 14 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Says India Will Remain Loyal

Viscount Willingdon Convinced That

People of India As a Whole
Will Remain Steadfast

"It is my belief that if we continue the administration of India in a sound and satisfactory way, being sympathetic to her aims but at the same time demanding law and order, the people of India as a whole will remain steadfastly loyal to Great Britain, and we need not worry about the agitators who are trying to stir up trouble." This was the conviction expressed by Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, to members of the United Services Institute at Halifax, whose guest he was at luncheon.

Viscount Willingdon referred to the limitations placed on him, as a speaker, by his position, and remarked that he had "become almost a genius in speaking on nothing for a quarter of an hour."

His reference to India was made while touching upon the contribution made by the dominions in wartime, and of the present esprit de corps of the land, sea and air forces of Canada.

India, too, had made sacrifices during the war, sending a million men to various fronts.

"One of the most important and critical conferences ever held," was his excellency's view of the Imperial conference.

Touching on the general situation in Canada the governor-general said he was perfectly confident the present depression would soon pass away. "If I know anything of the spirit of the Canadian people I know that this dominion will soon go on with that sound and solid progress that has brought about the great development of this country.

(To Be Continued.)

Wartime Memories

British Foreign Office Would Discourage Perpetuation of Memories

Of War

The British foreign office, wishing to discourage the perpetuation of memories of wartime antagonisms, has proposed to all European governments that henceforth memorial wreaths should not be laid on cenotaphs or tombs of unknown soldiers during official visits.

The Labor Government has issued no formal announcement of the step but it is confirmed by the departmental officials. The government feels that the formal international intercourse the less emphasis on war the better.

An Oil For All Men.—The sailor, the soldier, the fisherman, the lumberman, the oil worker, the coal miner, the electrician, the engineer, the teacher, the doctor, the nurse, the mother, the child, the little one, all are entitled to the safe and efficient remedy for all childhood ailments.

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough purgative. They sweeten the stomach; regulate the bowels and thus banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers; relieve colic; dress wounds; remove the effects of overeating; purify the blood; and, in the case of rheumatism, it is excellent. Therefore, it should have a place in all home medical dressers and amongst those taken on a journey.

Still Entitled To Pensions

Settlers Abroad May Keep Up
Insurance in Britain

The British Ministry of Health has issued a notification, reminding settlers, who have left Great Britain or Northern Ireland, within the last year or two, that under the British Pensions Act, the settlers can come into force at the beginning of the year, they may be entitled equally with those, who have recently gone overseas, to revive or keep up their insurance for the purpose of securing pensions and benefits for themselves and their dependents.

If, however, they left the country before January 1, 1930, they must apply to the Ministry of Health, London, England, before the end of this year. The full facts of their case should be set forth in writing in order that the ministry may decide whether the person is eligible for pension or benefits.

Cattle Sales

The Annual Livestock Market and Meat Trade Review published by the Dominion Department of Agriculture shows that during 1929 a total of 799,435 head of cattle were sold in Canadian stockyards. This is substantially below the figure for any of the preceding five years. The total for calves, 378,860 represents a gain in sales of 17,800 head. Toronto led the cattle trade with a total of 318,021 head, while Montreal West led sales in the calf trade with a total of 138,207.

Use Minard's Liniment for Toothache.

Text Book Controversy

U.S. Text Book Used In Australia
Described As Insulting

A United States text book—Hayes and Moon's Modern History—adopted as a standard book in the state of Victoria, Australia, has become the centre of a controversy.

The Australian Natives' Association, a national organization of Australian-born citizens, has protested against the book, describing it as biased, untrue, and insulting. State Minister of Education, Lemmon, is threatened with opposition if he does not withdraw the book.

In particular the Australian Natives' Association say the following two statements are falsification of the truth and an insult to Britain and Australian troops:

"The British collected a motley army, composed chiefly of colonial troops, and landed it on the tip of Gallipoli Peninsula, close to the Dardanelles."

"The United States was the only great power that fought in the war without demanding or even desiring territorial gains for herself. She should be credited with a loftiness of purpose and unselfishness that could hardly be matched in all history."

The Japanese Method

Government Makes Law Which May Reduce Grade Crossing Accidents

Japan is having trouble with grade crossings. More accidents are being caused by motorists attempting to beat trains across intersections. The court of that country, however, is determined to aid in reducing grade crossing accidents. In the future the motorist who races trains to cross will do so at his own risk. His heirs will have no claim on any railway company, public or private.

The new ruling recognizes that the country will be benefited more by faster train schedules than by preserving the lives of those who are incautious enough to attempt to beat the locomotive.

Touching on the general situation in Canada the governor-general said he was perfectly confident the present depression would soon pass away.

If I know anything of the spirit of the Canadian people I know that this dominion will soon go on with that sound and solid progress that has brought about the great development of this country.

(To Be Continued.)

Little Helps For This Week

Little Helps For This Week

"Be ready to every good work."—Titus iii. 1.

Intox thy charge hath He not given space,
All to thy own to make look green
and sweet;
To be a haven unto troubled souls,
To be a resting-place for weary feet?

Doth He require at thy hands aught
but this—

To fain thy garden should it show itself so
fair;

That others seeing it shall straightway go
And till thy portions given to their care?

And what is work? Is it only some
task of hand or brain? Is it only some
accomplished when we see tangible
evidence of our toil? Is it not to the
checkers of a student a task of thoughtless
and the tasking of an unworkish
desire, the rising above the subtle
temptation that woon us to spiritual
indolence, the striving to keep fresh
and blooming the garden-plot God has
given us all for our own, and where
only by heart-work the fair flowers
of "Love," "Joy," and "Peace," can
be brought to bloom?

Minard's Liniment refreshes the scalp.

Pacific Coast Salmon

Pacific Coast salmon constitute one
of the most valuable of Canada's natural
resources. In 1928, British Columbia's catch was more than \$17,-
300,000 in value.

Acute laryngitis caused the death of George Washington.

Never let a throbbing head
interrupt your shopping! Or
other pain that Aspirin ends so
quickly. These harmless tablets
are an antiseptic for the most
acute pain. Relief is almost
instantaneous. Taken in time,
they will break up a cold and
head off discomfort. They'll
relieve your suffering from
neuralgia, neuritis, or the like,
at any time. Thousands of

women depend upon Aspirin tablets every month to spare them from those pains peculiar to women. These tablets do not depress the heart; they may be used as frequently as there is need of their quick comfort. So, it's folly to endure any pain that Aspirin tablets could relieve so promptly. Get the genuine, which is always to be had at any druggist.

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG.

ASPIRIN

The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter.

All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the discretion of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each successive week; printed matter, 10c per inch; heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

The School Column

Report for Sept. and Oct., Grade 11.

Verna Murray 91, Peggy Lou Lawrence 85, Jackie Wright 84, Bobby Proudfoot 81, May McLean 78, Freda Milligan 73, Harold Rosenau 70, Lorraine Sandman and Gordon Marr missed test. Grade III.

Rodney Brodine 86, Billie McLean 78, Arthur Pfeiffer 77, Edith Dawson 76, Peter Neufeld 74, George Marcy 72, Maxine Hurley 21, Freda Hormann 67, Wilbert Myhre 67, Lester Barton 57. Grade IV.

Mary Schmidt 87, Jack Lee 83.1, Marcel Massey 80 2, Eileen Proudfoot 80 1, James Marcy 79, Seigfried Peters 78, Joyce Milligan 77.3, Robert Marcy 76, Agnes Martens 75.6, Alice Gilbertson 73, Rudolph Pfeiffer 72.7, John Schmidt 61.9, Geo. Schmidt 60.3 Failed, Leobel Vanhook 59.2, William Hoffmann 57.2, Everett Vennard 47.5, Jack Sinden 45.9 Not classified, Shirley Joyce, Audrey Rideout.

Grade V.

Edith McLean 88.3, Helena Rosenau 85.2, Jimmy Proudfoot 84.1, George Dick 77.9, Evelyn Vennard 73, Gilbert Gilbertson 71.9, Teddy DeMare 71.2, Harold Dressel 71, Virginia Dressel 68.4, Robert Sandman 67.4, John Lloyd 65.5, Evelyn Dawson 61.9, Lorna Chapman 61.6, Norman Jacques 60.2.

Grade VI

Kathleen Proudfoot 91, Chester Rideout 85, Mildred Brownell 77, Gabrielle Massey 76, Florence Marr 72, Arthur Loader 61, Jack Loader 52, Earl Robinson 49, Billie McIntosh 48.

Grade VII

Winnifred Murray 84, Dean Tomkins 67, Maurice Massey 65, William Youell 64.7, Ross Sandman 92, Robert W. Gilbertson 57, Bruce Young 56, Lorna McLean

55, Myrtle O'Malley 41. Grade VIII

Keith Wright 85, Frank Marcy 75, Gerhard von Riesen 73, Leonard Youell 72, Mabel Gilbertson 60, Robert McLean 68, Raymond Vennard 67.8, Paul Lloyd 67.7, Lyle Milligan 67, Milton Dressel 63, Lester Marr 56, Helen Dawson 55.7, Fred Vennard 53, Lorrie Rideout 52, Eunice Bowd 51, Grace O'Malley 44, Edna Elliott not ranked.

Report of the High School will be published next week.

Leonard Bayley, salesman for Smith Motors, Drumheller, visited the home of his mother, Mrs. Joe Bayley, over the week end.

Cooley Bros report having sold three cars this week, a new Ford Tudor to Hugh Horne, Youngstown; a new Ford Coupe to A. Boingard, Big Stone, and a used car to Chas. P. Jones, Cereal.

The War Veterans of this and surrounding districts will commemorate Armistice Day this year by holding a banquet in Chinook on Monday, Nov. 10, at 8 p.m. All Veterans wishing to attend are asked to advise R. A. Morrison, Chinook, the local secretary, not later than Saturday, Nov. 8.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid will be held at the United Church on Wednesday, Nov. 12th, at 2 p.m. There are two quilts which are to be quilted, so bring your needles and thimbles. Mrs. W. S. Lee will serve refreshments.

Work on the new highway in this district, which is to follow along the railroad, commenced on Wednesday. The survey gang started the stakes at Youngstown, working towards Chinook. Any men in the district who are in need of work should apply to the secretary of the municipality in which they live.

Church Announcements

CHINOOK CATHOLIC Service Second Sunday Every Month. Mass at 8 a.m.

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

FOR SALE—Fireco range, price \$45.00, and a large kitchen cabinet, \$30.00. Apply Chinook Advance.

FOR SALE—Cereal United Church parsonage. To be moved off the premises. Apply J. A. Richardson.

FOUR RENT—Four-roomed house in Chinook. Apply to Levi Vennard, Chinook.

YOUNG PIGS FOR SALE—Also Barred Rock Cockrels and Pulletts. Lorne Proudfoot, Phone 707, Chinook.

Christmas Sailings to the OLD COUNTRY

BOOK NOW FOR CHOICE ACCOMMODATION

SPECIAL TRAINS AND THROUGH CARS

DIRECT TO THE SHIP'S SIDE

LOW FARES DURING DECEMBER TO THE SEABOARD

Boat From Sailing To

"Almania"	Montreal	Nov. 21	Plymouth, Havre, London
"Oscar II"	Halifax	Nov. 24	Christianssand, Oslo, Copenhagen
"Bremenfjord"	Halifax	Nov. 27	Bergen, Stavanger, Oslo
"Antonik"	Montreal	Nov. 28	Glasgow, Belfast, Liverpool
"Pork"	Montreal	Nov. 28	Glasgow, Belfast, Liverpool
"Helsingholm"	Halifax	Dec. 1	Gothenborg
"Cleveland"	Halifax	Dec. 1	Cobh, Cherbourg, Hamburg
"Godeskog"	Halifax	Dec. 6	Copenhagen, Danzig, Helsingfors
"De Grasse"	Halifax	Dec. 6	Plymouth, Havre
"Westerland"	Halifax	Dec. 7	Plymouth, Cherbourg, Antwerp
"Svartfager"	Halifax	Dec. 8	St. John's, Boulogne, Bremen
"Svartfager"	Halifax	Dec. 8	London, Havre, London
"Gripsholm"	Halifax	Dec. 8	Gothenborg
"Frederick VIII"	Halifax	Dec. 11	Christianssand, Oslo, Copenhagen
"Littla"	Halifax	Dec. 13	Edinb., Liverpool, Glasgow
"Bremenfjord"	Halifax	Dec. 13	Glas (Glasgow), Liverpool

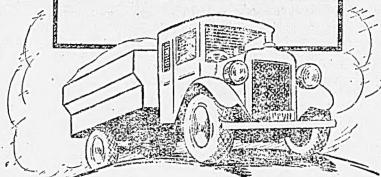
There are also sailings from United States Ports, particulars of which may be had from Canadian National Railways, Edmonton, Alta.

Full particulars from your local Canadian National Agent, or write J. MADILL, D.P.A., Edmonton, Alta.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

FOR HEAVY DUTY

Need your grain truck tires in a hurry? We have your size!



No wasting precious days waiting for new tires if you buy from us. We've got your size in stock. And Goodyears—the most satisfactory, biggest-value tires on the market today. Come in next time you're in town and get our prices. Or telephone and we'll come out.

SERVICE GARAGE

COOLEY BROS.

Telephone 10 CHINOOK, Alberta

TRAVEL this WINTER

LOW FARES

to EASTERN CANADA-PACIFIC COAST-CENTRAL UNITED STATES

Plan now to holiday this winter. Excursion fares to many points in Canada and the Central United States commencing December ensure a pleasant trip at minimum expense. Enquire now for full particulars from your local Canadian National Agent or write

J. MADILL, D.P.A., Edmonton, Alta.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

Canada's Finest Beers

Five famous brands--one quality--the best

PRODUCTS OF THE ALBERTA BREWING INDUSTRY

Beer Parlors Supply In a Legitimate Way The Demand For a Mild Alcoholic Beverage

Served at good hotels -- -- Sold from our warehouses

Sole Agents for the Alberta Brewing Industry

DISTRIBUTORS LIMITED

Nearest Warehouse: DRUMHELLER

Phone 648

This Advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta

Public Notice

Municipal District of Colville No. 243. This notice is hereby given that the time for prohibition of animals running at large has been extended to November 15th, 1930, under the authority of Section 21, and subject to the provisions of the Domestic Animals Act.

L. S. DAWSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS FIND YOUR STEAMSHIP AND RAIL TICKETS AT THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP LINES TO ALL PORTS IN THE WORLD.

CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & M. meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed. Jas. Rennie, W.M. R. W. Wright, Sec.

J. W. CLARK, M. D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON EYES TESTED GLASSES FITTED Phones—Offices 36, Night 33 YOUNGSTOWN ALBERTA

King Restaurant CHINOOK MEALS AT ALL HOURS PRIVATE BOOTHS Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks, Candies and Ice Cream

Chinook Beauty Parlor

First-Class Work at Reasonable Prices Shoppe Closed Every Monday Miss Mae Peterson, Prop. Phone 5, CHINOOK

W. W. Isbister General Blacksmith Coulters and Discs Sharpened Horse Shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing ALL WORK GUARANTEED CHINOOK

Motor Truck Delivery Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable M. L. CHAPMAN Chinook

J. W. Bredin Licensed Auctioneer For Dates Please 4 or Write Box 49 CEREAL

Chinook Cafe Meals and Lunches Served at Any Time, Ice Cream and Candies MAH BROS., Proprietors

WALTER M. CROCKETT, LL.B. BARISTER, SOLICITOR NOTARY PUBLIC YOUNGSTOWN, ALBERTA

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

	WHEAT
1 Northern	\$.47
2 Northern	\$.44
3 Northern	\$.41
No. 4	\$.36
No. 5	\$.33
No. 6	\$.26
Feed	\$.18
OATS	
2 C. W.	\$.13
3 C. W.	\$.10
Feed	
BUTTER AND EGGS	
Butter	\$.30
Eggs	\$.35